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Revision Date: 2023/10/02

DOW CORNING(R) 1199 SILICONE GLAZING SEALANT, BLACK

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE AND OF THE COMPANY

MSDS No.: 03079295

SUPPLIER: Prepared by Product Safety: (800) 248-2481
Dow Corning Canada Inc. NEWALTA: (800) 567-7455
15-6400 Millcreek Drive, Suite 416 Revision Date: 2007/10/02

Mississauga, ON, Canada L5N 3E7

MANUFACTURER: 24 Hour Emergency Telephone: (989) 496-5900

Dow Corning Corporation South Saginaw Road Midland, Michigan 48686

WHMIS CLASSIFICATION: Class D, Division 1, Subdivision B.

Class D, Division 2, Subdivision A. Class D, Division 2, Subdivision B.

Material Usage: Sealant and adhesive

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Generic Description: Silicone elastomer

Physical Form: Paste

Colour: See product name

Odour: Very little

Ethyl methyl ketoxime is formed upon contact with water or humid air. Provide adequate ventilation to control exposures within the following exposure guidelines: Vendor guide TWA: 3 ppm, STEL: 10 ppm; AIHA WEEL TWA: 10 ppm.

Methyl alcohol forms on contact with water or humid air. Provide adequate ventilation to control exposures within guidelines of OSHA PEL: TWA 200 ppm and ACGIH TLV-skin: TWA 200 ppm, STEL 250 ppm. n-Butyl alcohol is formed on contact with water or humid air. Provide adequate ventilation to control exposures within guidelines of OSHA PEL (final rule): TWA 100 ppm and ACGIH TLV: 20 ppm.

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Acute Effects

Eye: Direct contact may cause mild irritation.

Skin: May cause mild irritation.



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Inhalation: Irritates respiratory passages very slightly. Vapor overexposure may cause drowsiness.

Oral: Overexposure by ingestion may cause drowsiness, dizziness, confusion or loss of

coordination.

Prolonged/Repeated Exposure Effects

Skin: Overexposure may injure internally if absorbed. Repeated skin contact may cause allergic

skin reaction.

Inhalation: Overexposure by inhalation may injure the following organ(s): Blood. Liver.

Oral: Repeated ingestion or swallowing large amounts may injure internally.

Signs and Symptoms of Overexposure

No known applicable information.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure

No known applicable information.

The above listed potential effects of overexposure are based on actual data, results of studies performed upon similar compositions, component data and/or expert review of the product. Please refer to Section 11 for the detailed toxicology information.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CAS Number	<u>Wt %</u>	Component Name
7631-86-9	7.0 - 13.0	Silica, amorphous
22984-54-9	3.0 - 7.0	Methyl tri(ethylmethylketoxime) silane
1333-86-4	3.0 - 7.0	Carbon black
1309-37-1	1.0 - 5.0	Iron oxide
69991-68-0	1.0 - 5.0	Antimony chromium manganese titanium brown rutile
1760-24-3	1.0 - 5.0	Aminoethylaminopropyltrimethoxysilane
556-67-2	0.1 - 1.0	Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane
77-58-7	0.1 - 1.0	Dibutyltin dilaurate
1760-24-3 556-67-2	1.0 - 5.0 0.1 - 1.0	Aminoethylaminopropyltrimethoxysilane Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

The ingredients listed above are controlled products as defined in CPR, am. SOR/88-555.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES



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Eye: Immediately flush with water for 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Skin: Remove from skin and wash thoroughly with soap and water or waterless cleanser. Get

medical attention if irritation or other ill effects develop or persist.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if ill effects persist.

Oral: Get medical attention.

Notes to Physician: Treat according to person's condition and specifics of exposure.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point: Not applicable.

Autoignition Temperature: Not available.

Flammability Limits in Air: Not available.

Extinguishing Media: On large fires use dry chemical, foam or water spray. On small fires use carbon dioxide

(CO2), dry chemical or water spray. Water can be used to cool fire exposed containers.

Fire Fighting Measures: Self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing should be worn in fighting large

fires involving chemicals. Determine the need to evacuate or isolate the area according to

your local emergency plan. Use water spray to keep fire exposed containers cool.

Unusual Fire Hazards: None.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Containment/Clean up: Observe all personal protection equipment recommendations described in Sections 5 and 8.

Wipe up or scrape up and contain for salvage or disposal. Clean area as appropriate since spilled materials, even in small quantities, may present a slip hazard. Final cleaning may require use of steam, solvents or detergents. Dispose of saturated absorbant or cleaning materials appropriately, since spontaneous heating may occur. Local, provincial, federal laws and regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials

and items employed in the cleanup of releases.

Note: See section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment for Spills. Call (989) 496-5900, if additional information is required.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Use with adequate ventilation. Product evolves methyl ethyl ketoxime (MEKO) when exposed to water or humid air. Provide ventilation during use to control methyl ethyl ketoxime (MEKO) within exposure guidelines or use respiratory protection. Product evolves flammable methyl alcohol when exposed to water or humid air. Provide ventilation during use to control exposure within Section 8 guidelines or use air-supplied or self-contained breathing apparatus. Product



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evolves n-butyl alcohol when exposed to water or humid air. Provide ventilation during use to control n-butyl alcohol within exposure guidelines or use respiratory protection. Avoid eye contact. Avoid skin contact. Avoid breathing vapor, mist, dust, or fumes. Keep container closed. Do not take internally.

Use reasonable care and store away from oxidizing materials. Keep container closed and store away from water or moisture.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Component Exposure Limits

Consult local authorities for acceptable provincial values.

CAS Number	Component Name	Exposure Limits
7631-86-9	Silica, amorphous	OSHA PEL (final rule): TWA 80mg/m3/%SiO2. NIOSH REL: TWA 6mg/m3.
22984-54-9	Methyl tri(ethylmethylketoxime) silane	See ethyl methyl ketoxime comments. LC50: > 50 mg/L - Inhalation Rat ; 4 Hrs LD50: > 1,000 mg/kg - Oral Rat
1333-86-4	Carbon black	OSHA PEL and ACGIH TLV: TWA 3.5 mg/m3.
1309-37-1	Iron oxide	OSHA PEL (final rule) (fume): TWA 10 mg/m3. ACGIH TLV: TWA 5 mg/m3 respirable fraction.
69991-68-0	Antimony chromium manganese titanium brown rutile	Observe limits. Chromium oxide - OSHA PEL and ACGIH TLV, as chromium: TWA 0.5 mg/m3. Antimony compounds - OSHA PEL and ACGIH TLV: TWA 0.5 mg/m3. Manganese compounds - OSHA PEL: 5 mg/m3 Ceiling; ACGIH TLV: TWA 0.2 mg/m3.
1760-24-3	Aminoethylaminopropyltrimethoxysilane	See methyl alcohol comments. LC50: 1.5 mg/L - Inhalation Rat; 4hr Aerosol Whole Body LD50: 2,295 mg/kg - Oral Rat LD50: 16 ml/kg - Dermal Rabbit
556-67-2	Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	Dow Corning guide: TWA 10 ppm. LC50: 36 mg/L - Inhalation Rat ; 4 Hrs ; 4hr Vapor/Aerosol LD50: > 2,000 mg/kg - Oral Rat
77-58-7	Dibutyltin dilaurate	Observe organic tin compounds limits. OSHA PEL and ACGIH TLV-skin: TWA 0.1 mg/m3; ACGIH STEL 0.2 mg/m3. See n-butyl alcohol comments. LD50: 175 mg/kg - Oral Rat



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Ethyl methyl ketoxime is formed upon contact with water or humid air. Provide adequate ventilation to control exposures within the following exposure guidelines: Vendor guide TWA: 3 ppm, STEL: 10 ppm; AIHA WEEL TWA: 10 ppm.

Methyl alcohol forms on contact with water or humid air. Provide adequate ventilation to control exposures within guidelines of OSHA PEL: TWA 200 ppm and ACGIH TLV-skin: TWA 200 ppm, STEL 250 ppm.

n-Butyl alcohol is formed on contact with water or humid air. Provide adequate ventilation to control exposures within guidelines of OSHA PEL (final rule): TWA 100 ppm and ACGIH TLV: 20 ppm.

Engineering Controls

Local Ventilation: Recommended. General Ventilation: Recommended.

Personal Protective Equipment for Routine Handling

Eyes: Use proper protection - safety glasses as a minimum.

Skin: Wash at mealtime and end of shift. If skin contact occurs, change contaminated clothing as

soon as possible and thoroughly flush affected areas with cool water. Chemical protective

gloves are recommended.

Suitable Gloves: Avoid skin contact by implementing good industrial hygiene practices and procedures. Select

and use gloves and/or protective clothing to further minimize the potential for skin contact. Consult with your glove and/or personnel protective equipment manufacturer for selection of

appropriate compatible materials.

Inhalation: Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure

assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines. IH

personnel can assist in judging the adequacy of existing engineering controls.

Suitable Respirator: General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to maintain vapor exposures below

recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29)

CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators.

Personal Protective Equipment for Spills

Eyes: Use full face respirator.

Skin: Wash at mealtime and end of shift. If skin contact occurs, change contaminated clothing as

soon as possible and thoroughly flush affected areas with cool water. Chemical protective

gloves are recommended.

Inhalation/Suitable

Respirator:

Respiratory protection recommended. Follow OSHA Respirator Regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MHSA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying

respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate

protection.



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Precautionary Measures: Avoid eye contact. Avoid skin contact. Avoid breathing vapor, mist, dust, or fumes. Keep

container closed. Do not take internally. Use reasonable care.

Comments: Product evolves methyl ethyl ketoxime (MEKO) when exposed to water or humid air. Provide

ventilation during use to control methyl ethyl ketoxime (MEKO) within exposure guidelines or use respiratory protection. Product evolves flammable methyl alcohol when exposed to water or humid air. Provide ventilation during use to control exposure within Section 8 guidelines or use air-supplied or self-contained breathing apparatus. Product evolves n-butyl alcohol when exposed to water or humid air. Provide ventilation during use to control n-butyl alcohol within

exposure guidelines or use respiratory protection.

Note: These precautions are for room temperature handling. Use at elevated temperature or aerosol/spray applications may require added precautions.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical Form: Paste

Color: See product name

Odor: Very little

Odor Threshold: Not available.

Specific Gravity @ 25°C: 1.04

Viscosity: Not available.

Freezing/Melting Point: Not available.

Boiling Point: Not available.

Vapor Pressure @ 25°C: Not available.

Vapor Density: Not available. Evaporation Rate: Not available. Solubility in Water: Not available.

Coefficient of Water/Oil Not available.

Distribution:

pH: Not available.

Volatile Content: Not available.

Flash Point: Not applicable. Autoignition Temperature: Not available. Flammability Limits in Air: Not available.

Note: The above information is not intended for use in preparing product specifications. Contact Dow Corning before writing

specifications.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability: Stable.

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Polymerization:

Conditions to Avoid: None.



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Materials to Avoid:

Oxidizing material can cause a reaction. Water, moisture, or humid air can cause hazardous vapors to form as described in Section 8.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Thermal breakdown of this product during fire or very high heat conditions may evolve the following decomposition products: Carbon oxides and traces of incompletely burned carbon compounds. Silicon dioxide. Formaldehyde. Nitrogen oxides. Metal oxides. Sulfur oxides.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Component Toxicology Information

Recent results from a 2 year repeated vapour inhalation exposure study to rats of octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (D4) indicate effects (benign uterine adenomas) in the uterus of female animals. These effects, which have been shown to be rat-specific, occur at the highest exposure dose (700 ppm) only, a level that greatly exceeds typical workplace or consumer exposures. Industrial, commercial, or consumer uses of products containing D4 do not represent a risk to humans.

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane administered to rats by inhalation at concentrations of 500 and 700 ppm resulted in statistically significant decreases in the number of pups born and the live litter size in both the first and second generations. Prolonged estrous cycles, and decreased mating and fertility indices were observed following 700 ppm exposure in the second generation only. There were also increases in the incidence of deliveries of offspring extending over an unusually long time period (dystocia). Subsequent mode of action work demonstrated the effect on reproduction in female rats is due to delayed ovulation caused by a treatment-related delay in or blockage of the luteinizing hormone (LH) surge on the day of proestrus. This mode of action is not considered relevant to humans.

Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime (MEKO) is formed upon contact with water or humid air. Male rodents exposed to MEKO vapor throughout their lifetime developed liver cancer. Additional testing is planned by the MEKO supplier to determine any relevance to humans. Until more data is known, exposure levels should be maintained as low as achievable.

Special Hazard Information on Components

Carcinogens

CAS Number	<u>Wt %</u>	Component Name	
1333-86-4	3.0 - 7.0	Carbon black IARC Group 2B - Possibly Carcinog to Humans.	
Teratogens			
CAS Number	<u>Wt %</u>	Component Name	
77-58-7	0.1 - 1.0	Dibutyltin dilaurate	Evidence of teratogenicity (birth defects) in laboratory animals.



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Reproductive Effe	ects		
CAS Number	<u>Wt %</u>	Component Name	
556-67-2	0.1 - 1.0	Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	Evidence of reproductive effects in laboratory animals.
77-58-7	0.1 - 1.0	Dibutyltin dilaurate	Evidence of reproductive effects in laboratory animals.
Sensitizers			
CAS Number	<u>Wt %</u>	Component Name	
22984-54-9	3.0 - 7.0	Methyl tri(ethylmethylketoxime) silane	Possible skin sensitizer.
1760-24-3	1.0 - 5.0	Aminoethylaminopropyltrimethoxysilane	Possible skin sensitizer.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental Fate and Distribution

Complete information is not yet available.

Environmental Effects

Complete information is not yet available.

Fate and Effects in Waste Water Treatment Plants

Complete information is not yet available.

Ecotoxicity Classification Criteria	a
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Hazard Parameters (LC50 or EC50)	High	Medium	Low
Acute Aquatic Toxicity (mg/L)	<=1	>1 and <=100	>100
Acute Terrestrial Toxicity	<=100	>100 and <= 2000	>2000

This table is adapted from "Environmental Toxicology and Risk Assessment", ASTM STP 1179, p.34, 1993.

This table can be used to classify the ecotoxicity of this product when ecotoxicity data is listed above. Please read the other information presented in the section concerning the overall ecological safety of this material.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Can be incinerated in accordance with local regulations.

Call local hazardous waste disposal company or provincial waste authorities for more information.



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14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Canada Road (Based on IMDG Regulations)

Not subject to local road regulations.

Ocean Shipment (IMDG)

Not subject to IMDG code.

Air Shipment (IATA)

Not subject to IATA regulations.

Call Dow Corning Transportation, (989) 496-8577, if additional information is required.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR, and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Class D, Division 1, Subdivision B. CLASSIFICATION: Class D, Division 2, Subdivision A. Class D, Division 2, Subdivision B.

DSL STATUS: Consult your local Dow Corning office.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared by: Dow Corning Corporation

These data are offered in good faith as typical values and not as product specifications. No warranty, either expressed or implied, is hereby made. The recommended industrial hygiene and safe handling procedures are believed to be generally applicable. However, each user should review these recommendations in the specific context of the intended use and determine whether they are appropriate.

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